

# SAUTER Declaration on materials and the environment

## Product

Туре	FMS1xxxxxxx	
Designation	Smart Sensor Via Sens	
Product range	modulo	
Product group of eco-balance	Controllers and	sensors
Fr. Sauter AG		
Im Surinam 55, CH-4058 Basel		
	Since	With
ISO 9001:2015	10 Oct. 2018	SQS
ISO 14001:2015	10 Oct. 2018	SQS
ISO 45001:2018	10 Oct. 2018	SQS
Basis	Management system	
Process		c
LINC292	<ul> <li>Product innovation</li> <li>Ecological accounting</li> </ul>	
	Designation Product range Product group of eco-balance Fr. Sauter AG Im Surinam 55, CH-4058 Basel ISO 9001:2015 ISO 14001:2015 ISO 45001:2018	DesignationSmart Sensor Via Sens moduloProduct rangemoduloProduct group of eco-balanceControllers andProduct group of eco-balanceControllers andFr. Sauter AG Im Surinam 55, CH-4058 BaselSinceISO 9001:201510 Oct. 2018ISO 14001:201510 Oct. 2018ISO 45001:201810 Oct. 2018BasisManagement sys Fr. Sauter AGProcessBusiness proces

Product description	CE conformity, function, operation, maintenance, servicing	See PDS 94.411
Environmental risk	Fire protection according to	EN 60695-2-11, EN 60695-10-2
	Fire load	2.9 MJ
	Hazardous substances <sup>1</sup> according to	RoHS 2011/65/EU & 2015/863/EU compliant. Product category 9.
	Restricted substances <sup>2</sup> according to	Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) compliant
	Parts containing halogen (causing corrosive smoke)	None
	Liquids polluting the aquatic environment	None
	Explosive substances Transport hazardous goods class	None None

#### **Materials**

Plastic	Total weight of product	171,1 g	Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)	EU waste code <sup>3</sup>
PA66		2,0 g	Not required	20 01 39
PC + ABS		68,8 g	Not required	20 01 39
PMMA		9,8 g	Not required	20 01 39
<b>Metal</b> Steel, various allo	ys	1,8 g	Not required	20 01 40
<b>circuit board</b> Printed circuit boa	rd, lead-free solder	26,4 g	Not required	20 01 40
Packaging <sup>₄</sup>				
Corrugated board Paper PAP 22 PA foil (ESD-Kapt		50 g 12,2 g 0,1 g	Not required Not required Not required	20 01 01 20 01 01 20 01 39

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Only applies to electrical devices

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> SVHC substances >0.1%w/w: see Hazardous ingredients

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Directive 75/442/EEC and follow-on document, ruling 2001/118/EC

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Directive 94/62/EC, 2004/12/EC, 2005/20/EC, 2018/852/EC

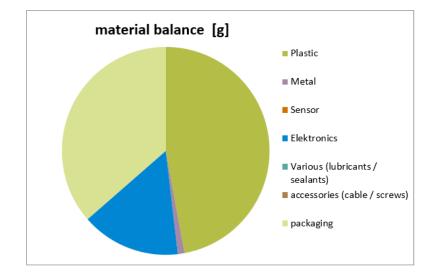
# Hazardous ingredients

SVHC ingredient			Effective concentration per	
CAS number	EN number	Name of the ingredient	article, %w/w	
7439-92-1	231-100-4	ad	<0,1	

SCIP number will be communicated upon justified request. Link to ECHA candidate list

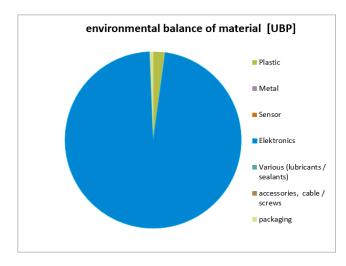
The diagram of the material balance is made also the general type AXT301F110 - (116,8g)

#### **Materials balance**



Material balance	g
Plastic	80,6
Metal	1,8
Sensor	-
Elektronics	26,4
Various (lubricants / sealants)	-
accessories (cable / screws)	-
packaging	62,3
	171,1

# environmental balance sheet



Power requirement for component

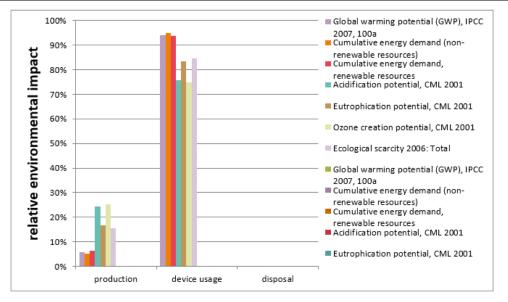
Minimum power consumption	1,3 W
Average power consumption	2,1 W
Typical energy consumption per year	17,9 kWh

The energy requirement evaluation was performed for a typical utilisation scenario. The European electricity mix from ecoinvent 2.2 was used to evaluate the power consumption in the utilisation phase.

### Calculation of the environmental impact

Evaluation over the entire life stage of 8 years in a typical utilisation scenario. The results shown are based on a method of ecological scarcity that combines various environmental effects into an "environmental impact points" key figure. The method is based on Switzerland's environmental targets and evaluates the individual effects depending on the "Distance to Target".

Indikator	unit	production	device usage	disposal	Total
Global warming potential (GWP), IPCC 2007, 100a	kg CO2 eq.	6,0	98,6	0,1	104,7
Cumulative energy demand (non- renewable resources)	MJ eq.	108	2.000	0,3	2.110
Cumulative energy demand, renewable resources	MJ eq.	10,1	151	0.00	162
Acidification potential, CML 2001	kg SO2 eq.	1,30E-01	4,07E-01	6,35E-05	5,37E-01
Eutrophication potential, CML 2001	kg PO4 eq.	6,43E-02	3,23E-01	4,59E-05	3,87E-01
Ozone creation potential, CML 2001	kg C2H4 eq.	5,53E-03	1,64E-02	2,56E-06	2,19E-02
Ecological scarcity 2006: Total	UBP	18.500	100.700	200	119.000



The relationship of the contributions made by the utilisation in comparison to those made by the reduction and disposal depends on the intensity of the utilisation (utilisation scenario).

Disposal	Product:		
	The device must be disposed of as waste from electrical and electronic equipment (electrical/electronic scrap) and must not be disposed of as household waste. This applies in particular to the assembled PCB.		
	Special treatment for specia make ecological sense.	I components may be compulsory by law or may	
	WEEE (Waste Electrical and	d Electronic Equipment)	
	The local and currently valid laws (WEEE2012/19/EU) must be observed.		
	Packaging:		
	Recyclable. Any packaging disposal fees are the responsibility of the importer. Special notes on hazards:		
	Residual electrical charge p	ossible in capacitive components.	
Remarks	<sup>(1)</sup> Fire load depending on	type:	
	FMS1xxxxxx	2,9 MJ	
	<sup>2)</sup> depending on type Weight:		
	FMS1xxxxxx	171 g	
How the environment benefits	With these products, we ma buildings and to reducing cli	ke a significant contribution to energy savings ir mate change.	
	Its resource-saving compact design and easy single-sort disassembly resul in optimal sustainability with a life expectancy of 8 years.		
	The eco-balance becomes renewable sources.	even more optimal, with the use of energy fron	
Extent of applicability	describes the environmenta	onmental declaration based on ISO 14025 and I impact of the product over its entire life stage a compact form without an external check o	
	The data gathered with existing data inventories for production processes has been evaluated from the ecoinvent 2.2 European database.		
	For the determination of the energy requirement during the utilisation phase of the product, standard HVAC applications and average climatic conditions in Switzerland were assumed, based on the ecological accounting for the corresponding product group.		

Deviations from the information it contains can occur without notification. Fr. Sauter AG explicitly rules out any liability for any consequences that may result due to the above information.



Your local SAUTER representative will provide further information on environmental aspects, and specifically on disposal.

#### References

Ecoinvent 2010 ecoinvent data v2.2, Swiss Centre for Life Cycle Inventories, Dübendorf FOEN 2008 eco-balances: method of ecological scarcity – eco-factors 2006, FOEN